THE
South-Carolina GAZETTE.
[NUMB. 1824.]
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1770.

New Advertisements.

Mr. FOURNIER,
MINIATURE PAINTER, &c.

HAVING been prevailed on, by his Friends, to remain here the Winter, takes this Opportunity of returning his moſt grateful Acknowledgements for the favourable Reception that has attended his Endeavours to give Satisfaction: And having removed to more convenient Lodgings, at Meſſrs. LYON & GILLEAUDEAU's, Peruke Makers (near Mr. Jonathan Sarrazin's) in Church-Street; LADIES and GENTLEMEN, inclinable to have their PICTURES taken, will be immediately waited upon, by leaving their Addreſs at his ſaid new Lodgings.

N. B. He continues to draw PLANS of ARCHITECTURE.

ALEXANDER GILLON,
Intending to decline the DRY GOODS BUSINESS,
WILL NOW SELL OFF,
At his Store in BROAD-STREET,
HIS VALUABLE STOCK
OF
DUTCH AND ENGLISH GOODS,
LATELY IMPORTED HERE,
At *Eight* and an *Half* for *One*, READY MONEY, and *Nine* for *One*, CREDIT to the Firſt of *January* next.

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

WARDROBER and Gulix Hollands; Ruſſia, German, and Holland Sheeting; Yard and Ell-wide Linens, from 7s. 6d. to 36s. per Yard, coarſe white Linens of different Breadths, from 3s. 6d. to 10s. per Yard; Oznabrugs; ſtriped Hollands and Ginghams; Handkerchiefs of all Sorts; very handſome ſtrong Pavillion Gauzes; artificial Flowers; Damaſk Table-Cloths and Napkins; Napkining Diaper; German Bed-Ticks, of different Breadths; printed Cottons and Callicoes; very beautiful Cotton Bed-Patterns, with proper Linings and Trimmings; handſome Marſeilles Bed-Quilts; broad Flemiſh Canvas; Linſeed Oil, in Caſks of 30 and 40 Gallons, and in Jugs of 2 and 3 Gallons; Brimſtone; 3 Gallon Stone Jugs, 2 Gallon Ditto, 1½ Gallon Ditto; Delft Butter-Stands with Plates; Cloſe-Stools; Dutch red Hearth-Tiles; Chimney-Tiles; Trap Bird-Cages, that ſet themſelves; breeding and common Ditto; Cologne 4 Feet blue Mill-Stones; Houſe-Mats; Pipe-Baſkets; Wooden Shoes; Marble Images; Dutch Hand-Carts, and Bakers Waggons; French-Horns; Looking-Glaſſes; beſt Oil Flints; yellow Oaker; Spaniſh Brown; 4d. Nails, 5d. 6d. 8d. and 10d. Ditto; all Sorts of Spikes, and many other Articles uſually imported.

ALSO,

Sundry GOODS, juſt imported per Captain LUNDBERRY, from BRISTOL, conſiſting of white, blue, and green Plains; Duffil Blankets, and other Woollens, &c.

Jamaica, Weſt-India, and New-York RUM, in Hogſheads and Barrels; very beſt Geneva, in ſmall Caſes; beſt Spermacæti Candles; Starch, at 3s. per Pound; ſingle and double refined Loaf Sugar, by the Hogſhead or ſmaller Quantity; Muſcovado Sugar, and Coffee; flat and ſquare Bar-Iron, and Plough Shears, at 5l. 10s. per Hundred, and 115l. per Ton; beſt refined Mill-Iron; Rheniſh Wine, from 5l. 15s. to 8l. per Dozen; and Seltzar Water, in Jugs.

Simon & John Berwick,
Have to diſpoſe of, at their Shop near the BEEF-MARKET,

MEN's SHOES and PUMPS, made in the neateſt Manner, at 50s.—A great Quantity of ſtrong black Shoes and Pumps, for Houſe-Negroes and others, from 25 to 40s. Likewiſe, ſome Thouſand Pairs of NEGRO SHOES, all freſh, and equal to any made in the Province.

N. B. All thoſe whoſe Accompts remain unſettled for ſome Years paſt, as alſo thoſe which have become due with the preſent, are earneſtly requeſted to diſcharge the ſame immediately.

BRIAN CAPE,
Hat juſt imported in the Ships LIBERTY *and* ST. HELENA, *Captains* LASLEY *and* ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE green and blue Negro Cloth; and as he has taken a great deal of Care to have it bought on the beſt Terms, he hopes to ſupply his Friends to their Satisfaction. He returns his hearty Thanks to the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, for the Favours they have ſhewn him ſince he commenced Buſineſs by himſelf, and hopes for a Continuance of them, being determined to ſpare no Pains in executing their Orders punctually, and at moderate Prices. He has at preſent on Hand, a tolerable Aſſortment of Goods, and will keep up a conſtant Supply of ſuch Articles as the Reſolutions of the Inhabitants of this Province will admit of.

N. B. Ten per Cent will be diſcounted for ready Money.

A Large aſſortment of WHITE PLAINS, to be ſold at eight and an half for one, alſo a Quantity of London SAIL CLOTH, very cheap, by
PHILIP HAWKINS, & Co.

THOSE indebted to us by Bond, Note, or Account, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, by the 1ſt of January next, at fartheſt; after which Time no Indulgence will be given, or further Notice.
HARLESTON & BONNEAU.
Country Produce taken in Payment.

A Black GELDING, riſing five Years old, about thirteen Hands and a Half high, branded on the mounting Buttock WP, in one, and has a Blaze Face. The Owner muſt prove his Property before JOSIAH PERRY, J. P.

From the LONDON CHRONICLE, July 17.

OF all the late arbitrary proceedings, none is more truly alarming than the behaviour of the Lord Ch——n; when the city of London waited on his Majeſty with congratulations on the ſafe delivery of our moſt gracious Queen. Though it is the acknowledged right of every ſubject to petition the crown, the Lord Mayor had notice given him, from a written order, 'That unleſs he would preſent the 'addreſs in ſilence, he was not to be admitted.'

When captive Iſrael groaned beneath Egyptian bondage, the miniſters of the tyrant made Pharoah believe, 'That miſerable 'people laboured under no grievances; but were licentious and 'idle, and ready to rebel.' Thus was his heart hardened; and, inſtead of redreſſing their wrongs, he increaſed their taxes: Yet, though trained up in principles of deſpotiſm, and in actual poſſeſſion of arbitrary power, that haughty Prince, who regarded neither God nor man, admitted their advocate to his preſence, and allowed him to ſpeak for his oppreſſed countrymen. The patriot urged his complaint with arguments, and enforced his petition with threats, and yet the proud infidel liſtened: Neither was Moſes rebuked for his freedom of ſpeech; nor was leave to repeat his remonſtrances refuſed him, for the unawed integrity with which he delivered his ſentiments.

In a land of liberty then, where all authority is but a delegated truſt from the people, ſhall free-born ſubjects be excluded the palace of their legal Prince, leſt they offend a corrupt miniſtry, by telling honeſt truths? in a limited monarchy, is no petition to be preferred to the crown, but what the ſervants of it firſt approve of? In a country where the meaneſt beggar has, by law, a right to complain to the King; if a man be illiterate, and cannot write, or poor, and cannot hire an amanuenſis, or bribe a courtier, muſt he not dare to ſay to his Sovereign, 'Sire, your 'miniſters have done me wrong?' Shall the chief magiſtrate of the greateſt city in the world be ordered not to enter the royal preſence, unleſs he ſubmit to have his thoughts impriſoned, and fetters laid on his lips?

Britons ſhould know no reſtraint but that of law. If a fellow-ſubject be injured, the courts of juſtice are open; if a courtier be libelled or inſulted, Lord Mansfield is on the King's-bench; if any be guilty of treaſon, let the law take its courſe; but never let a freeman be afraid, or forbidden, to make his Prince a loyal and reſpectful reply. What is there about a King, beſides a pageantry of ſtate, to make himſelf, or thoſe who approach him, forget he is a man? The Almighty King of Kings permits and invites the vileſt ſinners perſonally to ſupplicate his mercy: What is the King of Great-Britain now, that his ſubjects muſt not preſume to ſpeak to him? Shall he reap all the fruits of the revolution, and they not enjoy the benefit of the bill of rights?

When Romulus attempted to extend the royal prerogative by military force, he fell a ſacrifice to the reſentment of that very ſenate which he had inſtituted himſelf. But his prudent and pious ſucceſſor, Numa, ſecured his own ſafety, and ſupported his dignity by affability and equity; and diſbanded the royal lifeguards, relying on the citizens, whoſe affections he ſtudied to engage. Every good and wiſe King is always eaſy of acceſs.—Solomon, upon his throne, gave ear to the cries of two poor women, who lodged together in one houſe, and decided himſelf the diſpute about the child they both laid claim to. The freeholders of England claim the choice of their own repreſentatives, which the Houſe of Commons have uſurped: The Lord Mayor of London appears in behalf of the people; the miniſtry throw in a bias in favour of their friends: Let the King, in perſon, like Solomon; and, inſtead of dividing the child, diſſolve the parliament to decide the queſtion.

Some may think this queſtion a matter foreign to us; but we ought not to be unconcerned at any thing which may affect the proſperity of his Majeſty's reign; and the ſcheme of the miniſtry to ſeparate the King from the people, bodes no good to the liberty of the ſubject. The Aſſyrian monarchy was always abſolute; but the people did not feel themſelves totally enſlaved 'till they were refuſed admittance to the preſence of their Sovereign. This turn of policy was the contrivance of that enterprizing artful woman Semiramis: The mild and gentle diſpoſition of the King, her ſon, being unfavourable to her vaſt deſigns and boundleſs views, the ambitious Dowager prevailed on him to aſſume more ſtate, and live retired in magnificent eaſe; promiſing to relieve him from the cares of government, and undergo all the trouble herſelf. The conſequence was, the people were oppreſſed, and the King abuſed; 'till, diſcovering at laſt her injuſtice and incontinency, he put her to death. How proſperous was Alexander the Great, 'till he violated the conſtitution of his country; and, with the luxury of Perſian grandeur, introduced the tyranny of Aſiatic pride! No ſooner had he ſuffered the poiſon of court flattery to infect his ears, than he became blind to his true intereſt, and deaf to the advice of his beſt friends. Headſtrong, violent, and obſtinate, he alienated the hearts of the brave Macedonians, and truſted his perſon to a guard of Perſian ſlaves: But, when he thought himſelf moſt ſecure, in the meridian of his glory, the avenging bowl put an end to his vanity and life. Tiberius, who afterwards proved ſuch a monſter of iniquity, on his acceſſion to the throne, filled the Romans with the moſt promiſing hopes of happineſs under him. He appeared virtuous, temperate, and juſt; but, by ſuffering his mother to interfere in the government, he loſt his reputation and the love of his people; and at laſt found it neceſſary even to baniſh her: But the corrupt ſet ſhe had placed about him, preſerved their aſcendancy over him, and inſtilled the ſame deſpotic principles into his heart: The favourite Sejanus, and his baſe tools, ſtill purſued the ſame arbitrary meaſures; and a proſtituted ſenate approved all his conduct, and confirmed all his decrees. Thus, while he indulged his own humour in private, the public became the prey of a wicked miniſtry: Rome was inſulted, and the provinces plundered and oppreſſed.

BRUTUS.

From LLOYD's EVENING POST, July 20.
To the Right Honourable Lord N—TH.

My LORD,

WHETHER your Lordſhip reads the news-papers, or whether you permit your dependants in office to furniſh you with ſuch hints from them as any ways relate either to your Lordſhip's conduct, or are eſſential to your knowledge, as a requiſite of your ſtation, I know not; but ſure I am, it is neceſſary your Lordſhip ſhould know the infinite inconvenience that ariſes to his Majeſty's ſubjects in this metropolis and its vicinage, from the amazing quantity of bad copper money circulating among us; an evil which, if your Lordſhip will not advert to, muſt be attended with conſequences much worſe than may at preſent be imagined. The lawleſs coinage (if I may call mere bits of copper coinage) of ſuch infinite quantities, will, in two or three years, if not put a ſtop to, hurt our national credit. The quantity will be too great to afford relief to the numerous ſufferers, without ſome public act of benevolence. The abuſes have long been complained of in ſilver; in copper they will ſoon be inſupportable. In copper you may immediately rectify it, from the known proportion of copper to the lawful coin.

In ſilver, I apprehend it is above your Lordſhip's abilities. In ſilver, I repeat it, I am doubtful if you are equal to it, either as a financier, or a politician. As a financier, the mode of the preſent lottery demonſtrates your weakneſs and inability. As a politician, remark, that you can have no ſilver coinage while you are upon bad terms with America. Silver is two-pence an ounce higher than it was about two years ago, and in ſeven years time, ſhould there be no agreement with the Americans, ſilver will be ſix ſhillings an ounce; and I believe I may aſſert, it will not be five years before it is that price, if we have a French war, and are not on good terms with the Americans. The territorial acquiſitions in India help to keep down the price of ſilver, or this rupture with our American brethren would have affected the value more before this time. But a French war will alter things ſtrangely, if we are not reconciled to the Americans. Take a word of advice, my Lord: We can get nothing by our quarrels with America. We may loſe a great deal. They diſpute not our authority in the eſſentials of government. Shall we quarrel with them for ſhadows? Shall we ſet the providing for a few miniſterial engines of oppreſſion, againſt ſuch amazing cuſtomers for our manufactures? Shall we run the riſk of loſing the moſt valuable dominions in the univerſe, for a figment in the nature of dominion? It is abſurd, the Americans neither will, nor can they be ſlaves. It is not in the nature of things. I wiſh your Lordſhip, and your brother politicians, would advert a little to nature, and the reaſon of things. The Americans, in the immediate deſcent, are all Engliſh, nay more, Americans; all diſtinctions of their origin will be for ever loſt, and abſorbed in the general name of Americans. Conſider well the idea already annexed to their importance. The American empire will be the greateſt in the world. Did you, my Lord, ever hear this pronounced with the emphatic enthuſiaſm of an American, contemplating future extent of dominion? I have, and it ſtruck me. All diſtinctions of European countries will ſoon be ſwallowed in American affection, power, name. Here we fondly and weakly preſerve diſtinction. The Scotch, even in this metropolis, have an eye to their deſcent, to the third or fourth generation. It is thrown off by the Iriſh ſooner. Perſevere, my Lord, in your quarrel with America, and the next generation will rue abſolute Americans.

Your Lordſhip's connections ſtrongly enforce the prejudice attached to country. No people on earth pique themſelves more on their country than the Scotch. If a mere country can afford pride to the human breaſt, the enervated Italian has more to boaſt of the banks of Arno, than the hardy Scot of the rugged ridge of Cantire. But it is all prejudice. Yet ſuch as it is, it is hard to eradicate; and the American will enjoy it from the nature of the country, and the ſpirit of the people, in its full force. Attempt not then impoſſibilities; preſerve general, but affect not the minutiæ of dominion over America. It is abſurd and incongruous; it is acting againſt nature and the analogy of things. You may preſerve dominion with eaſe, but you never will be able to rule them with a rod of iron. Do not flatter yourſelf, that, becauſe the weak, bigotted, ſupine, indolent, enervated Spaniſh Americans, are held under European dominion, by the chains of deſpotiſm, that the rough, hardy veteran deſcendants of the Engliſh, Scotch, and Iriſh, conſolidated under the general name of Americans, and breathing the genuine ſpirit of liberty, will ever ſubmit to the numberleſs oppreſſions of arbitrary power. Attempt it not. As a financier, and politician, extract their ſilver, and employ their ſtrength to ſupport our juſt quarrels in Europe: That is our true intereſt, and beyond that is chimera and deluſion.

To return, therefore, to the purpoſe of this letter: Reconcile the Americans to us, and you will be both the financier and the politician; you may coin ſilver from its plenty, and you will be powerful from the conſumption of our manufactures, and our manufacturers, tradeſmen, and labourers, will be eaſed from oppreſſion, by a proper attention to our copper coinage; otherwiſe the execrations of the ſufferers muſt fall on the heads of thoſe who have it in their power to relieve them from their oppreſſions.

A MAN IN TRADE.

LONDON, JULY 7.

EARL Cheſterfield, once the greateſt ſtateſmen of this kingdom, being aſked the other day his opinion relative to the colonies, ſaid, "I am too old to be conſulted as a politician; but as a friend, I fear the miniſtry, in order to carry ſome points of idle prerrogative, have pointed out to Americans the way to an empire of their own."

JULY 10.

His Excellency the Earl of Dunmore, governor of New-York, who has been for ſome time ſo much indiſpoſed as to prevent his ſetting out for his government ſo ſoon as he intended, is now ſo well recovered, that his Excellency will embark for New-York in a few days.

A correſpondent is at a loſs to know by what law the jury were entitled to give damages in a late proceſs.—Happy for Engliſhmen were the laws of this country like thoſe of Denmark, remarkable for their brevity and perſpicuity; the one are ſo conciſe as to be contained *in a ſingle quarto volume*; the other ſo extenſive that even *an abridgment* of them conſiſts of *twenty-ſix volumes folio*: The one ſo plain that every one who can read may underſtand his caſe without the aſſiſtance of an attorney; the other ſo uncertain and intricate, as frequently to confound the ableſt lawyers in the kingdom to explain them. There is none of that chicane in Denmark which deſtroys and raiſes ſo many great eſtates in England. Advocates there are *few*, not *infinite* in *number*, whoſe fees are *moderate* and *fixed*, not *arbitrary* and *exorbitant*; and ſuits at law, however important, are finiſhed in *thirteen months*, not ſuffered, like ours, to extend even *beyond* a man's life. In Denmark *every one* is permitted to plead his own cauſe, and to the poor, advocates are allowed; in England *no one* is permitted, however able and ſufficient, and the

poor are given over to the cruel mercies of pettifoggers. A ſuit at law, if carried through *all* their courts, ſeldom exceeds the ſum of 14l. through *one* of our courts, frequently exhauſts the whole ſubſtance of the client, and often deprives himself his liberty. Such was the conſtitution of Denmark with reſpect to its laws in the year 1694, ſuch the ſtate of England in 1770.

JULY 11.

On Monday the agent of the province of Maſſachuſetts-Bay, received a packet containing very important advices from his American conſtituents.

The viſit of the duke of Grafton to Earl Temple occaſions various ſpeculations. Some think it implies a reſolution in the duke to quit the preſent miniſtry. Others think he is carrying on a negotiation to form a coalition of the Grenville family with them, in which caſe the Rockingham party will be left to ſhift for themſelves.

JULY 12.

An old lady of fortune, lately dead, has left her man ſervant, who lived with her many years, a conſiderable legacy, in the following words: "I leave to Robert ——— one hundred pounds, in gratitude for the faithful ſervices he has rendered me for upwards of thirty years, the greateſt part of which time I have loved him as my huſband, though I was too proud to make him ſo, or ever let him know it. But as I have now done with the world, and have nobody to anſwer to but God, I deſire he will mourn for me as his wife one year; and I farther bequeath him my houſe, my coach and horſes, my plate, my furniture, and all my perſonal eſtate, whether in goods or money, which ſhall remain after my debts and legacies aforeſaid are diſcharged." It is ſaid the bequeſt amounts to upwards of eleven thouſand pounds.

JULY 13.

We hear that Capt. John Eliot, who ſignalized himſelf on many occaſions during the laſt war, and particularly in the defeat of Thurot, is appointed to ſucceed Commodore Forreſt, on the Jamaica ſtation.

We hear that two perſons are to be ſpeedily ſent over to America, in a public capacity, and with a deſign as new and extraordinary as the appointment is uncommon.

Yeſterday ſome important diſpatches arrived at Lord Hillſborough's office from South-Carolina.

JULY 14.

It having been ſaid in vindication of ſome late deciſions, that there is no precedent of the houſe of commons admitting and ſupporting members of known immoral characters, the following inſtance perhaps may be produced as an exception: So early as the firſt parliament of Queen Elizabeth, complaint was made to the houſe againſt John Smyth, member for Camelford, that he, though an outlaw, had been returned a burgeſs to ſit in parliament, and that, ſince his return, *he had deceived divers merchants of London, taking wares of them to the amount of three hundred pounds, minding to defraud them of the ſame, under the colour of privilege of this houſe*; and a committee being appointed to examine into the matter of this complaint, reported the ſame to be true: The queſtion was then put by the ſpeaker, if he ſhould have the privilege of the houſe, or not? *And upon a diviſion of the houſe, the number that would have him not to have privilege was 107 perſons, and the number that would he ſhould be privileged was 112 perſons; and therfore ordered that he ſhall ſtill continue a member of this houſe.*——[Journal of the houſe of commons, volume I. page 55.

The eldeſt illegitimate ſon of the late Lord-Mayor, we hear, has been offered 50,000l. for his chance of ſucceeding to the paternal eſtate.

The Emperor of Germany had ſeveral very narrow eſcapes in his late tour to viſit the imperial dominions in Hungary, and, by the ſudden riſing of the waters, was obliged, more than once, to take up his quarters in cottages, in which it was difficult to procure even clean ſtraw to lie upon. His Majeſty's compaſſion for the poor, for which he is celebrated, has been encreaſed by his experience of the miſerable manner in which they live.

If Lord Chatham and Lord Egmont ſhould re-occupy their poſts in the adminiſtration, the public need be no longer under any doubt of an approaching war: The abilities of both thoſe ſtateſmen being turned for that department, and the name of the latter having been long a terror to the French marine.

The late election of the two new members for London and Weſtminſter, ought to ſerve as a pattern for all other boroughs and counties in the kingdom. Middleſex, indeed, firſt ſet the bright example of chuſing repreſentatives that ſhould be moſt acceptable to abundantly the majority of conſtituents, unawed either by the influence or proximity of a court. London and Weſtminſter, by chuſing theirs entirely free from expence, have been the firſt to ſtem the amazing torrent of corruption, that had broke in upon us. May the glorious precedent ſpread, and England know, that if they be a *free* people, they muſt ſhew themſelves to be *uncorruptible*.

JULY 17.

A very ſalutary ordinance has appeared at Stockholm againſt the luxuries of dreſs and diet. The expences of funerals alſo are wiſely limited.

We are adviſed from Roſsſhire, in Scotland, that a woman was delivered there laſt month, of her firſt child, and recovered ſo well, as to be able to walk abroad in the fields in five days after; and that day week, from her firſt delivery, ſhe was delivered of a ſecond; both appeared to have come to their full time; the firſt died in a few hours, the ſecond is ſtrong and healthy, the mother is perfectly recovered.

His Majeſty of Pruſſia is the beſt decider of controverſies in the world; if he has any diſpute with a neighbouring ſtate, he marches a large body of troops into the dominions of that ſtate: What his intentions may be with reſpect to the city of Dantzick it is not difficult to gueſs. There is no gordian knot of politics ſo ſtrong and intricate which the ſword will not cut through at once.

The new palace building at Richmond for their Majeſties, is to be 126 feet long, to be built ſquare, on lofty arches, in order to command an extenſive proſpect.

JULY 18.

We hear that a great Perſonage has lately held frequent conferences with the Duke of Grafton and the Earl of Northington.

Surly Bob has taken great pains of late to reconcile contending parties and form ſuch a miniſtry as may be agreeable to the people; there is no doubt but he will ſucceed, becauſe he has ſuch a *winning way* with him. It is happy when a man unites the moſt polite addreſs with great good nature and a perfect indifference to his own private intereſt.

In the 24th of Queen Elizabeth the whole Navy of England conſiſted but of 13 ſhips of war, and 135 ſhips of conſiderable burthen, the property of private ſubjects.

JULY 19.

Yeſterday after breaking up of the levee at St. James's, Lord North and Lord Weymouth had the honour of a conference with his Majeſty.

We hear that the ſtay of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter at Hanover will be longer than at firſt was expected, as he propoſes to review the troops, inſpect the different fortifications of that electorate, &c.

Lately was married, by ſpecial licence, at Stocken, near Bridgenorth, in Shropſhire, Major Whitmore, of Southampton, to Miſs Whitmore, daughter of Sir Thomas Whitmore.

JULY 20.

It is reported that Major Rogers has obtained the command of a regiment in the ſervice of the honourable Eaſt-India company.

It is confidently reported, that the duke of Grafton will be appointed in a few days, firſt Lord-Commiſſioner of the Admiralty.

Sir Edward Hawke and Sir Jeffery Amherſt it is ſaid will be created Peers of England.

We are informed that the Duke of Leinſter, in his voyage from Ireland to this kingdom; and it is talked, that ſeveral members of the Iriſh Parliament, among which is the patriotic Dr. Lucas, will be in London before the middle of next month.

A privy-council is ſummoned to meet this evening on affairs of importance.

JULY 21.

It is reported that the breaking up of the council yeſterday it was reſolved to leave American affairs as they are, until the next meeting of parliament.

It is ſaid the late Neutral Iſlands of St. Vincent and Tobago in the Weſt-Indies, will each be erected into a ſeparate government, as Dominica has lately been.

This day Captain Gambier ſet out for Portſmouth, in order to ſail for his ſtation, on the coaſt of New-England, &c. to which command he was lately appointed.

The firſt intelligence brought to Guildhall on Wedneſday afternoon of the acquittal of Mr. Baldwin, was by a little boy, about twelve years of age, whoſe eagerneſs to know the event, had induced him to puſh into Lord Mansfield's houſe, unheeded, among the jury, and on his hearing their verdict, he immediately ſet off with the intelligence for Guildhall. Little credit, however, was given to it, 'till a number of friends to liberty coming to the Hall, and confirming it to the people who had aſſembled there, waiting to ſee the jury on Mr. Millar's trial come out, to go with their verdict to Lord Mansfield, they immediately gave three cheers, which ſome interpreted at a pigeon thrown up to that jury to leave their debates, and determine in a like manner.

It has been taken notice of as ſomewhat extraordinary, that, on the trials of Almon, Woodfall, Millar, and Baldwin, for publiſhing Junius's letter, ſo often mentioned, the number of ſpecial jurymen, who abſented themſelves ſhould be exactly the ſame, namely, five. And it is likewiſe not leſs extraordinary, that the jurymen of Weſtminſter ſhould differ ſo much in their opinion from the jurymen in the city, as to be the direct contrary.

NEW-YORK, AUGUST 13.

ABOUT four weeks ſince Dougall Campbell, Eſq; arrived here from South-Carolina, and ſoon after ſet out from hence for Canada, but a day or two after his arrival at Lake George, early in the morning, was ſeen to walk in the woods, and has not ſince been heard of: Diligent ſearch was made for him; and Patrick Smith, Eſq; at Fort Edward, ſet out with as many people as he could muſter, with proviſions for four days, and was returned without being able to obtain any intelligence of Mr. Campbell, ſo that it is imagined he loſt himſelf in the woods, and periſhed for want of proviſions.

We hear from Connecticut, that the tavern-keepers throughout that colony, juſtly incenſed at the perfidious conduct of the New-York importers, have fixed up a liſt of their names in all their public-houſes, and have unanimouſly determined not to entertain or afford them the leaſt ſuccour, aid, or aſſiſtance, in paſſing through that government.—A conduct this, worthy of imitation in all the other colonies, as it will drive theſe ſelfiſh wretches to the neceſſity of either changing their names, or wearing knapſacks.

Friday the 3d inſtant, the Maſſachuſetts aſſembly having *nobly* refuſed to do buſineſs while *arbitrarily* kept at Cambridge, the Lieutenant Governor further prorogued the ſame to the 5th of September next, then to *meet* at Cambridge.

NEW-PORT, *(Rhode-Iſland)* AUGUST 13.

There is to be a town-meeting here this day at 11 o'clock, which 'tis thought will be very full, to conſider what further is neceſſary to be done reſpecting the non-importation agreement.

BOSTON, AUGUST 13.

Tueſday 31ſt of July laſt paſt P. M. the trade and inhabitants of the town of Boſton met according to adjournment at Faneuil-Hall and in conſequence of ſome very poſitive aſſertions that Salem, Marblehead and Newbury had departed from the non-importation agreement, Meſſrs. William Molineux, William Phillips, Eſq; William Cooper, Ebenezer Storer and William Greenleaf were voted a committee to repair forthwith to the towns aforeſaid and Haverhill, to enquire into the foundation of ſaid accuſation and make report. After which, John Hancock and William Phillips, Eſqrs; Meſſrs. Samuel Adams, William Molineux and William Greenleaf, Doctors Warren and Young, John Adams, Joſiah Quincy and Richard Dana, Eſqrs; Mr. Henderſon Inches, Thomas Cuſhing, Eſq; and Mr. Jonathan Maſon, were voted a committee to conſider what may be proper to be done towards ſtrengthening the union of the colonies, and effecting the ſalutary deſign this body had in view in coming into the agreement for a non-importation, and the meeting was adjourned to Tueſday the 7th current ten o'clock A. M.—At which time the committee ſent to Salem, Marblehead, &c. reported that the conduct of our brethren in ſaid towns was honourable and ſincere; whereupon it was VOTED UNANIMOUSLY, That it is with the utmoſt ſatisfaction we have reaſon to be aſſured that the trade and inhabitants of the ſeveral towns above mentioned have religiouſly and ſtedfaſtly adhered to their agreement, and have conducted themſelves with the firmneſs and integrity which juſtly renders them an example worthy of imitation; and that the committee of merchants in this place, in teſtimony of the ſincere reſpect which we owe to the inhabitants of the ſaid town not only for their paſt efforts, but for the reſolution they ſtill maintain to continue their utmoſt exertions in the common cauſe of American liberty, do tranſmit them reſpectively a copy of this vote.

In the afternoon it was VOTED UNANIMOUSLY, That the names of all ſuch as refuſe re-ſhipping their goods be advertiſed in the Monday's papers, except perſons who are at ſuch diſtance as they cannot be apprized of this reſolution, and that notice hereof be given in the Thurſday's papers. Alſo, Voted Unanimouſly, That the thanks of the body be given to the ſeveral committees, for the diligent and faithful diſcharge of their duty—and that this body do ſtrictly adhere to their former reſolution relative to the ſupport of the ſaid committees, and that we now engage to ſtand by, and defend them in the execution of their truſts and every endeavour to anſwer the intention of their appointment.

Then Meſſrs. William Molineux, William Cooper, Thomas Boylſton, William Whitwell and Jonathan Maſon were voted a committee to repair to Providence and Newport in Rhode-Iſland, to confer with our brethren in that colony on the neceſſity of maintaining the agreement inviolate.

After this the meeting was diſſolved.

At the opening of this meeting ſeveral letters from our worthy brethren of Connecticut were read, and noticed with the regard, which good ſenſe and public ſpirit invariably inſpire.

Remain in this harbour, the Beaver, the Huſſar and Viper; and the Halifax and St. John's Scooners.

On Thurſday laſt, NATHANIEL ROGERS, Eſq; was ſeized with an Apoplectic diſorder, which in a few hours put an end to his life. And he was buried on the Saturday following.

AUGUST 16.

The committee appointed by the trade, at their meeting at Faneuil-hall laſt Tueſday fortnight, to proceed to, and treat with the committees of Providence and Newport, on the ſubject of their non-importation agreements, returned to town laſt Monday evening; and we hear had an agreeable reception—that the ſubject matter was to be laid before a meeting of both towns, and that it was thought the reſult will be to our mutual ſatisfaction, which is much to be wiſhed, and that harmony and union may prevail in every town and colony.

AUGUST 20.

Tueſday laſt being the anniverſary of the ever-memorable fourteenth of Auguſt 1765, when a ſucceſsful oppoſition to tyranny and oppreſſion firſt began here, and a cordial union which makes a free people invincible was formed, the ſame was celebrated at the ſeat of the late Hon. James Allen, Eſq; in Dorcheſter—An elegant entertainment was provided, and the company dined with that regularity, decency and good humour, which has always diſtinguiſhed the ſons of liberty, at this annual feſtivity. After dinner, among other loyal and patriotic toaſts, the following were drunk:—The King, the Queen and the blood royal—Storms and ſhipwrecks to all merchandize deſtructive of liberty and morals—May the ſhameful defection of the merchants of New-York be ever remembered with abhorrence—A ſpeedy period to all ſtate locuſts, caterpillars and canker-worms—Reſurrection to the militia and martial genius of America—May the ſpirit of the fourteenth of Auguſt 1765, increaſe in vigour, while there remains an unconſtitutional office or officer in America.

Capt. White has brought from Hull, three hundred Spinning Wheels, which are ſaid to be preferable to thoſe made in New-England.

The board of commiſſioners have appointed Oliver Whipple, Eſq; of Providence, collector of his Majeſty's cuſtoms at St. Mary's river in the province of Eaſt-Florida.

Laſt Tueſday a whale about 40 feet in length, was diſcovered by a ſmall fiſhing ſcooner off Marſhfield, which was then attacked by three large ſharks, one of whom the fiſhermen killed; it meaſured 16 feet long, and upon opening it they took out of its paunch as many pieces of the whale as would make a barrel of oil, and it was thought the liver of the ſhark would make two or three barrels more.—The whale was ſo wounded and worried by the ſharks, that it became an eaſy prize to the fiſhermen, who carried it into Marſhfield.

NEW-YORK, AUGUST 27.

Extract of a letter, dated London, June 5th, 1770.

"The people of England now curſe governor Bernard, as bitterly as thoſe of America.———Bernard was drove out of the Smyrna coffee-houſe not many days ſince, by general Oglethorpe, who told him he was a dirty factious ſcoundrel, who ſmelt curſed ſtrong of the hangman; that he had better leave the room, as unworthy to mix with gentlemen of character, but that he would give him the ſatisfaction of following him to the door, had he any thing to reply.——The governor left the houſe like a guilty coward."

NEWPORT, AUGUST 27.

At a full meeting of the trade and inhabitants of this town, held at the Colony-houſe, on Monday the 20th of Auguſt, the following Reſolves were paſſed almoſt unanimouſly, there being ONLY FOUR PERSONS who voted againſt them.

WHEREAS, in the preſent critical ſituation of America, harmony and union in meaſures, among the ſeveral Colonies, is of ſo great importance for the preſervation of our invaluable rights and privileges, that without them there is the utmoſt danger of their being totally loſt:—

Reſolved, Therefore, That we will cultivate the cloſeſt and ſtricteſt union with the other Britiſh colonies upon this Continent, and will heartily join with and ſupport them, in every prudent and conſtitutional oppoſition to every attempt to ſubject us to a taxation of the parliament of Great-Britain.

Reſolved, That we will adhere to and ſupport the non importation agreement entered into by the inhabitants of this town on the 30th of October laſt, ſo long as a majority of the Colonies, who have entered into ſimilar agreements, ſhall adhere to and preſerve the ſame.

Reſolved, That the committee of correſpondence and inſpection be continued for the purpoſes of their appointment; and they are hereby requeſted and directed, upon any breach of the ſaid agreement, and the refuſal of any perſon to comply therewith, to call together the trade and inhabitants of this town, that prudent and legal methods may be taken, to ſtrengthen and preſerve the ſaid agreement inviolate.

Reſolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the committee of correſpondence and inſpection, for their pains and vigilance in the ſervice of the common cauſe of America, and of this town.

Reſolved, That the thanks of this meeting be given to the ſeveral Colonies upon this Continent, who have firmly and perſeveringly exerted themſelves for the preſervation of American liberty.

Reſolved, That Meſſrs. John Collins, Francis Malbone, and Samuel Fowler, be added to the committee of correſpondence and inſpection, and that the major part of ſaid committee have power to act.

Reſolved, That the committee of correſpondence and inſpection be requiſed immediately to tranſmit copies of the Reſolves, paſſed this day, to the reſpective committees of the ſeveral Colonies with whom they have correſponded, and to ſuch other Colonies as they ſhall think proper: And that they alſo be requeſted to cauſe the foregoing Reſolves to be printed in the Newport Mercury.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 30.

Extract of a letter from London, June 23, 1770.

"The riſing of the Parliament without giving the expected relief, left us here in a kind of ſuſpenſe, and turned our eyes to the conduct of the Americans. Many are the predictions of the enemies of America, that the goods which had been ſhipped on ſpeculation to Boſton particularly would be received, and the combination, as it is termed, be at an end. But a few days ago, the Boſton ſhips returned with their goods, to the ſurprize, confuſion and diſappointment of the ſhippers, manufacturers, and Miniſtry. I never ſaw chagrin and vexation more viſible in the face of every man who has the leaſt connection with America, and is unfriendly to its preſent plan of oppoſition. Our friends rejoiced openly over their enemies, who, on their parts, acknowledged that they had been utterly diſappointed. Should the goods ſhipped to Virginia, alſo return, the ſtroke would be complete. Nothing has done the cauſe of America ſo much ſervice as the rejection of the goods; many of them are yet on board the veſſels, and cannot be landed without great expence; One M'HALY, has 1000l. ſterling duties to pay on one of his veſſels only. It is now given out, that the duty on Tea will be taken off next winter, and I doubt not it will.

"The death of Mr. Beckford, the Lord-Mayor, is a heavy ſtroke to the oppoſition; few deaths are the ſubject of ſo much ſorrow and joy. In the election of a ſucceſſor as Lord-Mayor and Alderman, the oppoſition carry every thing by a great majority. A few deaths in the court of Aldermen, will fix the whole city in the anti-miniſterial ſyſtem.

"I cannot find any two perſons here, who agree in ſentiment on the influence of the non-importation, there ſeems to be ſome *ſecret* which is yet impenetrable. The manufacturers are employed, and though there are many goods on board, there is no complaint among them; various are the conjectures on this head, moſt probably it may be impoſed to an intereſted deſign [illegible]

articles from abroad, but much more to *miniſterial management* and application of *public money*, in order to make a grand experiment of our virtue and reſolution.

"The ſtruggle cannot now be long. The iſſue will determine us either ſlaves or freemen. I hope no American will hesitate at the choice."

NEWPORT, SEPTEMBER 3.

We are aſſured that every article of goods imported contrary to agreement, in the Scooner Rebeccca, Capt. Gilbert has been ſtored.

By ſeveral gentlemen from Boſton, we hear, That laſt Monday night a conſiderable number of people aſſembled at the gaol, and with threats and other abuſive language greatly inſulted Capt. Preſton and the other ſoldiers confined there.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPTEMBER 20.

A Writer in the Georgia Gazette, of the 5th Inſtant, aſſerts, that no Spaniſh Veſſels have lately entered the Ports of Savannah or Sunbury, in that Province.

From Barbados, we learn, that Mr. Iſaac Peace, late of this Town, was married on the 30th of July laſt, to Miſs Elizabeth Gibſon, a young Lady of great Merit, with a handſome Fortune, Daughter of Rowland Gibſon, Eſq; of that Iſland.

The Honourable Henry Middleton, we hear, has declined to continue of the Council-Board in this Province.

Laſt Week died at the Horſe-Shoe, Mr. John Law, Son to a Lieutenant-Governor of the Colony of Connecticut, and lately married to the Widow of Mr. William Glover.

Laſt Friday Night died, aged 15 Years, Miſs Elizabeth Moore, a moſt amiable and promiſing young Lady, Daughter of John Moore, Eſq; of St. Thomas's Pariſh.

Laſt Saturday died at Aſhepoo, aged 66 Years, Mrs. Ruth Pinckney (a Native of this Province) Widow of the late William Pinckney, Eſq; Commiſſary-General of this Province.

Laſt Sunday John Waring, Eſq; was married to Mrs. Charlotte Williamſon, Widow of the late Mr. Champernown Williamſon.

Laſt Tueſday Night died, in the 33d Year of his Age, Mr. William Williamſon, who arrived here from London about four Years ſince.—He lived reſpected, and died regretted.

Yeſterday Miles Brewton, Eſq; was elected a Member of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province, for the Pariſh of St. John, in Colleton County, in the Room of Benjamin Smith, Eſq; deceaſed.

Yeſterday arrived here His Majeſty's Sloop Martin, commanded by Capt. Thomas Heyward, from Cape-Fear.

This Day the new Fiſh-Market for this Town was raiſed, and we hear will be completed in the Courſe of the enſuing Week.

Timothy's Maxine Liſt.

Sept.	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	*From*
15*th.*	Scooner Sally, Stephen Parkinſon,	Jamaica
	Scooner Mary-Anne, John Steuart,	New-Providence
16*th.*	Sloop Lark, Daniel Carthy,	New-Providence
18*th.*	Scooner Friendſhip, William Hamilton,	Antigua
19*th.*	His Majeſty's Sloop *Martin*, Capt. *T. Heyward*,	Cape-Fear
	Brigt. Bridge-Town, George Brown,	Barbados
20*th.*	Sloop St. David, John Sawyer,	St. Chriſtopher
Sept.	Sailed,	*For*
15*th.*	Ship Nancy, George Jordan,	Liſbon
	Snow Eagle (*Packet Boat*) Capt. W. Nicholls,	Falmouth
	Scooner Bro'ton Iſland, Peter Bachop,	Jamaica
	Scooner Elizabeth, Samuel Johnſton,	Jamaica
16*th.*	Sloop Charming Polly, Eraſmus Hanſon,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Succeſs, Samuel Buſh,	Philadelphia
	Remain windbound or cleared.	*For*
	Ship Charming Sally, George Fortune,	Cowes
	Brigt. Hercules, John Hatter,	Dominica
	Scooner Sally, Benjamin Knight,	Salem
	Sloop Liberty, Thomas Hammond,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Sally, Purnell Johnſon,	Philadelphia
	Sloop Ranger, Horace Wood,	St. Chriſtopher
	Map ſail betwixt this and our next.	
	Scooner Wren, Charles Young,	Florida
	Scooner Elizabeth, Nathaniel Morgan,	Jamaica
	Scooner Defiance, Thomas Mulford,	Cape-Fear
	Scooner Spry, William Hatter,	North-Carolina
	Sloop Lark, Daniel Carthy,	New-Providence
	Sloop Hawke, Charles Henry,	Montſerrat
	Sloop Sapelo, James Aitken,	Georgia
	Entered out, beſides the above.	*For*
	Ship Live Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	St. Chriſtopher
	Ship Charming Sally, Peter Rainier,	London
	Brigt. Porgy, Jeremiah Baſſett,	Jamaica
	Scooner Sally, Stephen Parkinſon,	Jamaica
	Scooner Friendſhip, William Hamilton,	Barbados
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	Ship Diana, Joſeph Morris,	
	Scooner Sally, Thomas Tucker,	
	Scooner Eagle,	
	Scooner Two Joſephs, William Thompſon,	
	Sloop William & Mary, John Hall,	
	Sloop Nancy, George Ball,	

New Advertiſements.

A GENERAL MEETING of the CHARLES-TOWN LIBRARY SOCIETY, will be holden in the Library-Room in Union-Street, on *Wedneſday* the 3d Day of *October* next; where all the Members of the ſaid Society, are deſired to attend, at 11 o'Clock in the Forenoon of the ſaid Day.

By Order of the Preſident,
JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary.*

For *Cape-Fear*, *Newbern*, and *Edenton*, *NORTH-CAROLINA*,

(To ſail in a few Days)
THE SCOONER
SPRY,
Simeon Florantine, Maſter.

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to LEONARD ASKEW, Tobacconiſt, near the Beef-Market; ROBERT HAWIE, or ſaid Maſter, lying at Burn's New Wharf.

Charles-Town, Sept. 20th, 1770.

THE Subſcriber hereby forwarns all Perſons from crediting, entertaining, or harbouring his Wife SUSANNAH ALLEN, who hath eloped from him, as he is determined to pay no Debts of her contracting after the Date hereof; and alſo, to proſecute all ſuch who ſhall ſo harbour or entertain her, to the utmoſt Rigour of the Law. WILLIAM ALLEN.

DANCING & FENCING, &c.

PIKE's
DANCING & FENCING SCHOOLS,
WERE OPENED
On MONDAY, *September* 17, 1770.

DANCING on THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
FENCING every Morning from Five to Nine.—Ladies and Gentlemen may be waited upon at their own Houſes, as he propoſes teaching COTILLONS in the neweſt Taſte.

Gentlemen privately inſtructed in DANCING, every Evening in the Week, at his School, oppoſite to JOHN IZARD's, Eſq.

By His MAJESTY's *Royal Patronage, Munificence, and Patent,*
GRANTED TO
SAMUEL BOWEN,
As an Encouragement towards the Cultivation of PLANTS in the BRITISH AMERICAN Colonies,

FROM which the very uſeful Drug SAGO, or SALUPE, is manufactured; the alimentary Uſe of which is well known to the Medical Faculty, and treated of in all the different Pharmacopœias in Europe, and which has hitherto been imported from China, at a very high Price.

Mr. BOWEN having ſettled a Variety of Correſpondents in London, as well as in other Parts of Great-Britain and Ireland, for vending the ſame, in order to render it more univerſally uſeful, propoſes appointing Agents through America, and the Weſt-India Iſlands, which he ſhould have before effected, had it not been for the Navy Contract. Any Perſon who is inclined to encourage this uſeful Manufactory, may be ſupplied,

At the COFFEE-HOUSE on the Bay,
In CHARLES-TOWN, SOUTH-CAROLINA;

Where it is ſold at FIFTEEN SHILLINGS the ſingle Pound; and for the Uſe of Plantations, where a Quantity, not leſs than Twenty-five Pounds is taken, Five per Cent. Diſcount will be allowed.

N. B. A Pound of this Sago, or Salupe Powder will ſerve a moderate Perſon Thirty Days for Breakfaſt, and will be found the beſt ſubſtitute for Tea. A printed Voucher of all the aforeſaid, properly atteſted by the College of Phyſicians, the Royal Society, Society of Arts, &c. will be ſubmitted to the Peruſal of the Public. SAMUEL BOWEN.

NOTICE is hereby given to thoſe whoſe Engagements ſhould have been diſcharged the laſt Winter, no longer to neglect paying their reſpective Debts, as the Death of Mr. DOYLEY makes it neceſſary the Affairs of our Copartnerſhip ſhould be cloſed immediately.

MILES BREWTON.
JOHN BREWTON.

N. B. A Parcel of fine WHITE PLAINS and DUFFIL BLANKETS, juſt imported, to be ſold for little more than the prime Coſt and Charges.

WANTED immediately on HIRE,
For a Plantation on CHARLES-TOWN *Neck,*

GOOD MOWERS, either White or Black; to whom good Wages and Uſage will be given. Enquire at the Printing-Office in Broad-Street.

N. B. Any Perſon having low Price HORSES to diſpoſe of, may apply as above.

TO BE SOLD,

THE HOUSE on the BAY, in which Mr. GEORGE SMITH now lives. Enquire of THOMAS EVELEIGH, at Captain MASSEY's, in Meeting-Street.

For SALE by private Contract,

THE PLANTATION at STONO, called WINNER's, containing eight Hundred and Eighty-five Acres; Half of which is Rice Land, the other Half fine Corn and Indico Land; only Twenty Miles from Charles-Town, and joining the public landing Place. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the above Plantation, may apply to me, at Beaufort, Port-Royal; to JAMES PARSONS, or THOMAS SAVAGE, Eſqrs. in Charles-Town.

WILLIAM ELLIOTT.

To be SOLD, at private Sale,

A PLANTATION or Tract of Land, on the Eaſt Branch of Saltcatcher River, in St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, containing One Thouſand Acres, butting and bounding on Lands of Thomas Ferguſon, Eſq. It appears by a Survey lately made, that there is about ſix Hundred Acres of it prime Rice Land, ſeventy Acres of the Swamp Land is cleared, and will be fit for planting the next Crop, with forty Acres of the high Land cleared, and under good Fence; a ſufficient Quantity of Proviſions was raiſed this Year at the above Plantation to ſubſiſt forty People the Year enſuing. Some Rice and Potatoe Seed will likewiſe be diſpoſed of to the Purchaſer, if agreeable; there is on the ſaid Plantation, a very good Barn, on Cills, forty by twenty Feet, with Overſeer's Houſe, Negro Houſes, &c. For further Particulars apply at the Horſe-Shoe, to THOMAS JONES, ſen.

For SALE,
BY PRIVATE CONTRACT,

A Valuable PLANTATION or Tract of LAND, in St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, Colleton-County, about four Miles above Ferguſon's Ferry, ſituate upon the River: The Tract contains about 900 Acres; above 300 whereof is exceeding good Swamp, the Remainder very good for Corn, &c. There is about 70 Acres of Swamp, and 40 of Corn-Land cleared. On this Tract is a large new Barn, and a good Houſe for an Overſeer, with other convenient Out-Houſes: There is a great Quantity of large Cypreſs in the Swamp, which makes it very convenient for Sawing, and the Landing being bluff upon the River, the Rafts may, with great Eaſe, be brought down.

Any Perſon inclinable to become a Purchaſer, may treat with me, in Charles-Town.

CULCHETH GIBBES.

Charl[illegible] May[illegible]

BENJAMIN MATHEWES, Merchant, in *Tradd-Street* (next Door to Meſſrs. *Blacklock, Corbett*, & Comp. and nearly oppoſite to *Samuel Prioleau*, Eſq. Controller of the Country Duties) a *Subſcriber* to the Reſolutions entered into by the Inhabitants of this Province the 22d of July, 1769, having, in *January* laſt, imported ſundry Goods from *London* (contained in Fifty Packages) inhibited by the ſaid Reſolutions; having alſo *voluntarily* agreed to ſtore the ſame, till a general Importation ſhould take Place, by the following Inſtrument, viz.

"*I, the Subſcriber, having received ſundry Goods from London, marked* M, *in a Diamond*, N°. 1 *to* 50; *and as it is contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the Reſolutions, entered into by the Inhabitants of this Province, that I ſhould diſpoſe of them before the Alterations complained of are repealed, do voluntarily agree to ſtore the ſame, at my Loſs and Riſque; and I do hereby promiſe, to ſee them forth-coming to the General Committee when a general Importation takes Place in this Province.* January *Twenty-third*, 1770."

(SIGNED) BENJAMIN MATHEWES.

And, upon being required to produce the ſame to the Committee of Inſpection on the 2d Inſtant, having acknowledged, that *many* of the *ſaid Goods*, ſo agreed to be ſtored as aforeſaid, had been opened and *diſpoſed of*; alledging that the ſame had been done by his Mother, *Ann Mathewes* (who is *alſo* a Subſcriber to the Reſolutions) during his Abſence in the Country, And they, the ſaid *Ann & Benjamin Mathewes* having been ineffectually, though repeatedly, applied to, to make proper Satisfaction to the Public, for ſuch *ſhameful Breach* of their *ſacred Contracts*: And the ſaid *Ann* continuing to open and diſpoſe of the ſaid Goods, in manifeſt Violation of the ſaid Reſolution: The GENERAL COMMITTEE, after all poſſible Lenity and Forbearance ſhewn, find themſelves reduced to the Neceſſity of advertiſing the ſaid

ANN & BENJAMIN MATHEWES,
as VIOLATORS OF THE RESOLUTIONS;

as Perſons audaciouſly *counteracting* the *united Sentiments* of the *whole Body* of the People, not only in *this*, but all *the Northern* Provinces; and *preferring* their own little *private Advantage* to the *general Good* of AMERICA.

And as, according to the laſt Article of the aforeſaid Reſolutions (*ſubſcribed by the ſaid Violaters*) it was agreed, that every *ſuch Violator* ſhould be *treated* with the *utmoſt Contempt*: So the General Committee preſume, that the above *Publication of Names*, will be alone ſufficient to excite the ſame; and to caution *all Perſons* whatever, who *have ſubſcribed* the ſaid Reſolutions, againſt having any *commercial Dealings* whatever with the ſaid ANN & BENJAMIN MATHEWES, until public Notice ſhall be given of their Compliance with the reaſonable Terms that have been propoſed to them—'till when *their Actions* muſt declare them to be *obſtinate* and *inveterate Enemies* to *their Country*, and *unworthy* of the *leaſt Confidence* or *Eſteem*.

To be SOLD Cheap,
For Caſh, or ſhort Credit,

The under-mentioned ARTICLES, belonging to the Eſtate of THOMAS GADSDEN, *Eſq; deceaſed*;

TWO Bowden's Patent Machines—a Horſe-Flat—a large Pettiauger—and a few Goats. The above to be ſeen at Mrs. GADSDEN's Plantation, on Charles-Town Neck.

ALSO,

A Lot of LAND in ANSONBOROUGH.

LIKEWISE,

Eight French Chairs, two Sophas, and three Curtains of crimſon Silk Damaſk. To be ſeen at Mrs. GADSDEN's Houſe on the Bay.

And a good dry Cellar on the Bay, to be Lett. For further Particulars, Enquire of

JAMES GADSDEN,
ANDREW RUTLEDGE, } *Executors.*

To be SOLD by the Subſcriber,

For 4 or 5 Years Credit, or longer, if required, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security;

THE PLANTATION whereon he now lives, at the ROUND O, in *Colleton County*, containing 1257 Acres; Four Hundred Acres of which is exceeding good Rice Land, with the Conveniency of Reſerves of Back Water. Two Hundred and Eighty Acres of ſaid Land is not yet cleared; if neceſſary, may conveniently be made into two very good Plantations. The whole butting and bounding Northwardly on John Parker's Land; North-Eaſt and Eaſtwardly on Land formerly belonging to Florence Mahony; South-Eaſt on Land of Samuel Singleton; North-Weſt on John Bailey's Land; Northwardly on Robert Brown's, and North-Weſtwardly on Lands of William Harvey.——Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may treat with

JOSEPH DOBBINS, *on the Premiſes.*

To be SOLD, by the Subſcriber,
AT PRIVATE SALE,

The following valuable TRACTS of LAND;

ONE Thouſand Acres to the Southward of the Alatamaha-River, on a Swamp commonly called the Hermitage Swamp, and partly on another called the Buffalo Swamp, on the Head or Freſhes of the Turtle River, bounded to the North-Eaſtward, South-Eaſtward, and South-Weſtward, on vacant Lands, and to the North-Weſtward on Lands ſurveyed for JAMES POSTELL, Eſq.

Five Hundred Acres on the North-Eaſt Side of the North Fork of Edisto River, below Orangeburgh Townſhip in Berkley County, bounded to the South-Weſtward on the ſaid River, and on all other Sides by vacant Land.

Five Hundred Acres on Santee River, in Craven County, bounded South-Weſt on the ſaid River, and on all other Sides by vacant Land.

The two laſt mentioned Tracts were ſurveyed as choice Land in the Year 1757, and the Tract of 1000 Acres is too well known to require any Recommendation. The Purchaſers may have a long Credit if they pleaſe, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security. EGERTON LEIGH.

PETER BOYER, of the Forks of Broad and Saludy-Rivers, informs me of a grey MARE, branded on the mounting Buttock like T, on the off Buttock IH, and has ſome Mark on each Cheek like 4: She has with her a bay Yearling, with three white Feet, a bald Face, and two wall Eyes. The Owner muſt prove the Property before,

Aug. 23, 1770. JOHN FAIRCHILD, J. P.

Charles-Town, August 30, 1770.

The General Committee acquaint the Public, That

William Stukes,

A NON-SUBSCRIBER,

Opposite to Mr. JACOB WARLEY, *Sadler, and Mr.* MICHAEL MUCKENFUSS's, *in* KING-STREET,

Having been called upon by the Gentlemen appointed at the General Meeting of the Inhabitants, at LIBERTY-TREE, on the 24th Instant, they report, "That they have not only repre-"sented to him the odious Light in which his Conduct appeared "to the People, but also advised and admonished him; that "they went farther, and used Intreaties; But that he obstinately "and perversely refused to store or re-ship the four Hogsheads "of Loaf-Sugar lately imported by him."

It is worthy of Notice, that the said *William Stukes*, is the only Non-Subscriber in Trade, that has thus imported contrary to the Sense of the People, since the *Resolutions* were first entered into—*which* forbid all Dealings with him by Subscribers.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given,

THAT the Subscribers, who are appointed Inquirers of the Public Tax, for the Parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael, in Charles-Town, purpose beginning their Inquiry on Monday the 5th Day of October next, and will call *once* on the several Inhabitants of the said Parishes, for their Returns on Oath, agreeable to the Directions of the Tax-Act.

HUGH RUTLEDGE,
JOHN SCOTT, jun.
WILLIAM DOUGHTY,
MAURICE SIMONS. } *Inquirers.*

Mansell, Corbett and Roberts,

Have imported in the CHARMING SALLY, *Capt.* DUNCAN,

WHITE PLAINS, full Yard wide, and were bought with Cash of the Makers in Wales; also, blue and green PLAINS, as low as 9*d.* per Yard: which, with Eight Day Clocks, Smoak Jacks, handsome large Pier Glasses, with carved and gilt Frames; Stuff and Yarn Hose, for Negroes wear; and what other Goods they have on Hand, consisting of most general Articles, they will sell very cheap, especially for Cash, at their Store in Tradd-Street.

Any Person in Want of an English Stallion of the Race breed---a Northward Gelding Fifteen Hands high, that paces and trots---a very complete Saddle-Horse,---or a Negro Fellow that has been used to the Field, may be supplied by applying as above.

A Quarterly Meeting of the South Carolina Society, will be held on Tuesday the second Day of October next, at the House of Mr. Elisha Poinsett, in Charles-Town, when the Members are desired to attend precise at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of the Society,
SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *Clerk.*

JUST IMPORTED,

In the ST. HELENA, *Captain* GEORGE ARTHAR, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, from 12d. ½ to 16½ per Yard—Rice and Flour Sieves of the best Kind—Plantation Tools—Nails of all Sizes—Cotton and Wool Cards—Briar, and long Scythes—Irish and Scotch Osnabrugs—coarse Linens, *&c. &c.*—Which, with a NEAT ASSORTMENT before on Hand, will be disposed of on moderate Terms, by BRAILSFORD & MUNCREEF.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE

Informs his Friends,

That he has imported in the LONDON, *Captain* CURLING, *from* LONDON,

An ASSORTMENT of such GOODS as are allowed by the RESOLUTIONS:

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

VERY neat Fowling and Plantation GUNS; GUN-POWDER; SHOT of all Kinds; Wool and Cotton CARDS; Crowley's best Broad HOES; DOWLAS; 7-8 and 3-4 GARLIX: Which, with many other Articles, will be sold at his usual cheap Rate, at his Store in BROAD-STREET.

N. B. Exceeding good OSNABRUGS, at 3*s.* 6*d.* per Yard, for Cash, by the Piece.

TO BE SOLD,

by Auction, at the House of EDWARD FENWICKE, *Esq; on* WHITE POINT, *on Monday, the 14th of September instant, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon.*

A PARCEL of genteel Houshold Furniture; amongst which are, a Sofa, Mahogany Chairs, a neat Mahogony Wardrobe, Looking Glasses, Tables, Fire Grates, &c. A second Hand Chariot, and a very neat Chaise.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, *jun. & Co.*

STRAYED,

FROM the Yard of William Creighton at the Cross-Keys in King-Street, about two Months ago, a Flea-bitten grey Mare, about 14 Hands high, nine Years old, branded G J on the mounting Shoulder, and has the Mark of a Wolf Bite on her mounting Buttock, near her Tail: Whoever delivers her to said William Creighton, or to Peter Horn, at Stono Ferry, shall receive FIVE POUNDS Reward.

ALL Persons indebted to Charles Cordes (Free Negro) deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment to the Subscriber; and those to whom the said Charles Cordes was indebted, are desired to make known their Demands to JOHN GOUGH, *Administrator.*

Charles-Town, September 6, 1770.

FIFTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber the 2d Inst. a NEGRO FELLOW, named EASOM, by Trade a Baker, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high, well known in Charles-Town; carried with him, when he went away, a blue Negro Cloth and Osnabrugs Coat, a Pair of black Worsted and Osnabrugs Breeches and Shirts. Any Person that will deliver him to the Subscriber, or the Warden of the Work-House in Charles-Town, shall receive the above Reward.

WILLIAM HOPKINS.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels and others, are hereby forewarned carrying off the said Fellow, as they may depend on being treated as the Law directs.

To be Sold at Auction,

At the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *on* TUESDAY *the 25th Instant,*

Sixty Pieces of WHITE PLAINS.
Twenty Pieces of striped Duffils.
A Parcel of Plantation Tools.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

TO BE SOLD,

On WEDNESDAY *the 24th of* OCTOBER *next, if a fair Day, if not, the next fair Day after, at the Plantation of the late* SAMUEL THORNTON, *deceased, on* JAMES *Island,*

THE said PLANTATION, containing Two Hundred and Twenty-four Acres of Land, formerly the Property of WILLIAM SCREVEN, deceased: The Situation of which is both healthy and pleasant, and inferior to none on the Island, having a fine View of Charles-Town, from which it is distant about three Miles, and is very convenient for attending the Markets, but being well-known, makes any further Description unnecessary.

At the same Time and Place will also be SOLD,

THE Negroes, Cattle, Hogs, and other Stock; Plantation Tools, and sundry Articles of Houshold Furniture, belonging to the Estate of the said Deceased. The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon. The Conditions are CASH, for all Sums to the Amount of 20*l.* and all above, Credit to the First of January next, paying Interest and giving Security, if required.—The Property not to be altered, till the Conditions are complied with.

Any Person inclinable to purchase the above Plantation, before the Day of Sale, may treat with the Subscriber.

JOSEPH DILL, Executor.

For any of the English WEST-INDIA *Islands, or* CAPE NICHOLA MOLE.

THE SHIP

DIANA,

JOSEPH MORRIS, *Master.*

BURTHEN about 800 Barrels of Rice; one half of her Cargo already engaged: For Freight of the Remainder, apply to

TORRANS, POAUG, and Co.

George-Town, August 28th, 1770.

UPON comparing the Returns made to the Vestry and Church-Wardens, by the Collectors of the POOR-TAX, for the Parish of Prince-George, Winyah, with the GENERAL TAX-LIST, it appears that Numbers of Persons possessed of Estates in the said Parish, Residents as well as Non-Residents, have neglected to pay their several Proportions of the said Tax, and that for several Years past; by which Means, the Church-Wardens are seldom refunded the Expence they are at in supporting the Poor, and the Tax is unequally collected, to the Prejudice of those who are punctual in their Payments: This is therefore to inform such Defaulters, that unless Payment is made of the Arrears, by the first Day of November next, Executions will be issued against all such as neglect this Advertisement, without Favour, Partiality, or other Notice.

JOSEPH BROWN,
THOMAS WILSON, } *Wardens.*

SAMUEL SMITH,
BENJAMIN TRAPIER,
JOSEPH DUBOURDIEU,
SAMUEL WRAGG, } *Vestry.*
JOB ROTHMAHLER,
WILLIAM FYFFE,
PETER LESESNE.

THE Subscriber intending to remove his Negroes to the Southward, will dispose of his valuable Plantation in St. Stephen's Parish, containing 1200 Acres, 200 of which is choice Rice Land, one Third cleared, and under substantial Fences; the Remainder abounds with large Cypress of the best Kind for Sawing; and the high Land is acknowledged to be as well timbered as any in the Parish.

On this Place there is as great a Convenience as any in the Province for erecting a Saw-Mill, having a constant Stream which leads through it in the dryest Times, and with a Dam of 150 Yards in Length, may be raised a Head of 15 Feet Water. Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to me in Charles-Town.

BENJAMIN VILLEPONTOUX.

TO BE SOLD,---for no FAULT.

But because he does not incline to remove to the back Part of this Province, with his present Owner.

A LIKELY young NEGRO FELLOW, brought up to the Butcher's Business, in Charles-Town, but has lately been employed on a Plantation a few Miles from Town, where he may be seen, and treated for, with

THOMAS JONES, *in Broad-Street.*

To be SOLD, by private Sale.

A TRACT of Land in Orangeburgh Town-Township, containing one Thousand Acres: Also a Lot on the Bay of Beaufort-Town, N° 240, being Part of the Estate of Jacob Motte, Esq; deceased: Apply to

JACOB MOTTE
JOHN HUGER. } *Executors.*

WASTE PAPER,

TO BE SOLD, at the Printing-office in Broad-street.

Charles-Town, Sept. 6, 1770.

RUN AWAY from the Subscriber, on Saturday last, a NEGRO FELLOW, named CHARLES, lately arrived here from Jamaica: He is a likely young Fellow, about Twenty-three Years of Age, and about five Feet nine Inches high; a little pitted with the Small-Pox, blows the French Horn well, and speaks good English: Had on when he went away a Check Shirt, black Worsted Breeches, and a Dutch Cap. Whoever will bring the said Fellow to me, at Mr. Maffey's, in Church-Street, or deliver him to the Warden of the Work-House, shall have TEN POUNDS Reward.

HUGH HUGHES.

N. B. If the above Negro should be harboured by a white Person, a Reward of FIFTY POUNDS Currency will be paid to any Person who will give Information of the same; or if by a free Negro, TWENTY POUNDS. All Captains and Masters of Vessels are forewarned not to carry the said Fellow off the Province, as I am determined to prosecute, to the utmost Rigour of the Law, any Person who shall harbour or carry him away.

Charles-Town, July 13, 1770.

Now selling off, at EIGHT for ONE, CASH,

By the SUBSCRIBER,

At the Store in Tradd-Street, *lately occupied by* WILLIAM BAKER, *deceased;*

ALL the STOCK of GOODS, assigned by the said WILLIAM BAKER to WILLIAM BURROWS and JOHN LLOYD.—They consist of a great Variety, are in good Order, and have been lately imported.

WILLIAM AIR, *Agent to the Assignees.*

CHARLES-TOWN, MAY 18, 1770.

Notice is hereby Given,

To all whom it may Concern,

THAT Mr. WILLIAM BAKER, of CHARLES-TOWN, *Merchant*, hath assigned all his Shop GOODS, WARES, and MERCHANDIZES, to the Subscribers, in Trust for Messrs. SMITH & HUNT, Merchants of LONDON; and all his Debts, Negroes, and other Effects, for the Payment of such of his Creditors as shall within twelve Months from this Day, consent and agree to receive a Dividend of their Debts in Average and Proportion, as far as the Money received by the Subscribers for that Purpose shall extend, and thereupon execute General Releases of their Demands against the said WILLIAM BAKER; and the Creditors who do not comply with these Terms, are by the Assignment expressly excluded from any Share of the Money arising from the said Debts, Negroes, and other Effects: Those Creditors therefore who are willing to accept a Dividend, upon the Terms above mentioned, are desired to signify such their Consent, and transmit their Accompts duly attested, within the Time above limited: And all Persons indebted to the said WILLIAM BAKER, are requested forthwith to settle and pay their said Debts, to one or other of us the Subscribers.

WILLIAM BURROWS, or
JOHN LLOYD.

[3. m.]

So be Sold or Leased,

In small Tracts, and on reasonable Terms,

TWO Baronies of LAND, one on the Head of Black-River, the other on the North Side of Pedee-River, adjoining to Catfish-Creek, both in Craven-County, the Property of NICHOLAS LINWOOD and WILLIAM BAKER, Esquires, of *London.* The aforesaid Baronies contain large Tracts of exceeding fine Oak and Hickory Swamp, and Marsh Lands, extremely proper for the Culture of Rice, Corn, Indico, Wheat, Hemp, and every other Article to which the Climate is adapted. The Plats may be seen in the Hands of Mr. JAMES THOMSON, Deputy-Surveyor.

A L S O,

About twelve Thousand Acres of Land, on the Head of Combahee-River, well known by the Name of SALTKETCHER BARONY, the Property of the Gentlemen above-mentioned: The Swamp on this Barony, is allowed to be exceeding fine; there is a Sufficiency of very good high Land on each Side, proper for Corn and Indico, on which commodious Settlements may be made.

L I K E W I S E,

A Part of the BARONY in Granville-County, known by the Name of JASPER's BARONY, adjoining Lands of Col. Heyward, and other Settlements on the Euhaws. The Plat is to be seen in the Hands of Mr. WILLIAM MAINE. Credit will be given for the above Lands, the Purchaser paying Interest, from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security.

PAUL TRAPIER,
t. f. DAVID DEAS,
JOHN DEAS. } *Attornies for* Nicholas Linwood, *and* William Baker, *Esqrs.*

September 11th, 1769.

To be Sold by private Contract,

SUNDRY large and valuable Lots of LAND, on the North-West Part of CHARLES-TOWN, known by the Name of COMING's-POINT, pleasantly situated between the Glebe Land of St. Philip's Parish and Ashley-River, on which it has an extensive Front, and commands an agreeable Prospect of the adjacent Plantations.

The Land is high and airy, and has the advantage of two good Landings, one of which, Coming's-Creek runs bluff to the high Land, and will admit of a loaded Scooner of 100 Barrels burthen; the use of which (without Charge) will be free for Purchasers, for twelve Months.

These Lots contain above Half an Acre, being upwards of one Hundred and twenty Feet Front on Streets of fifty Feet wide, and from two Hundred and twelve Feet and an Half to two Hundred and Twenty-six Feet in Depth.

The Purchasers may have one or two Years Credit, allowing Interest and giving approved Security, if required.

For further Particulars enquire of the Subscribers, in whose Hands the Plats may be seen.

EDWARD HARLESTON.
ISAAC HARLESTON.
THOMAS CORBETT.

For SALE,

AN ISLAND, on the River of MAY, containing near One Hundred Acres; about Seventy of which is exceeding good Indico Land, and the Rest good Pine Land, well timbered. In the Center of the Island is a Pond, never known to be dry, and is of great Utility to the Indico Land; in short, there is no Spot of Ground in this Province, better adapted to the Culture of that Article. For further Particulars, enquire of the Subscriber, in St. Paul's Parish.

6 w. MELCHER GARNER.

BENJAMIN SPRINGER, living near the Twelve Mile-House informs me of a black brown MARE, strayed into his Plantation branded on the mounting Shoulder I C about 13 Hands high. The Owner must prove his Property before JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

JOB ELLIOTT informs me of a strayed dark bay GELDING twelve Hands and an Half high, about nine Years old, trots and paces a little, marked in the Right Ear with a small under Halfpenny, and has several Spots, but no visible Brand.

JOHN BAILEY informs me of a strayed Iron grey MARE, three Years old, about thirteen Hands high, a Trotter, has some Blotches on the mounting Shoulder and Buttock, but the Brands cannot be made out. The Owners of the above Strays, must prove their Property before

JAMES HAMILTON, J. P.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by P. TIMOTHY.

Supplement to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, No. 18

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1770.

Advertisements.

ANDREW LORD,

Has imported, in the ST. HELENA, GEORGE ARTHAR, *Master, from* BRISTOL,

WHITE and blue PLAINS, bought with ready Money of the Manufacturers; Striped DUFFILS, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 20d. Nails; together with fundry other Articles (agreeable to the *Refolutions*) which he will fell on very moderate Terms, and take RICE in Payment.

ALEXANDER ALEXANDER,

Informs his Friends and the Public,

THAT he has Accommodations for a few more young Gentlemen to board and lodge, at his Houfe on the BAY, next Door to Richard Beresford, Efqr's; where they may be inftructed in the Engliſh, Latin, and Greek Languages; Writing, Vulgar and decimal Arithmetic, with moſt of the practical Branches of the Mathematics.

N. B. He propoſes to open his EVENING-SCHOOL on *Tueſday* the 2d of *October*, at the ſame Place, where the above Branches will be taught between the Hours of Six and Nine.

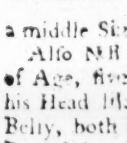
THE Subſcriber takes this Method to inform the Public, That he has opened a SHOE-WAREHOUSE, next to Mr. *Motte*'s back Store, and nearly oppoſite to Mr. *Prioleau*'s, in *Tradd-Street*; where he will keep a good Supply of Shoes, Boots, &c. which he ſells for CASH.--His Motive for adopting this Plan, is to ſave the Trouble (which is very great) of collecting ſmall Debts. He hopes thoſe indebted to him, will diſcharge their Accompts as ſoon as poſſible.

PATRICK HINDS.

Charles-Town, Sept. 6, 1770.

THE LANDS of STEPHEN DRAYTON, as formerly advertiſed in Mr. *Wells*'s Paper, will be SOLD at the uſual Place in *Charles-Town*, on *Thurſday* the 27th Inſtant. A Survey and Diviſion of the Whole, may be ſeen in the Hands of

ROBERT WELLS.



RUN away, about the Middle of May laſt, a NEGRO MAN, named SIRRAH, of the Guiney Country, about five Feet, ſeven or eight Inches high, of a pretty black Complexion, ſpeaks tolerable good Engliſh, not very thick, ſuppoſed to be between thirty and forty Years old.

A NEGRO WOMAN, named MOLLY, alſo of the Guiney Country, ſuppoſed to be near forty Years of Age, of a middle Size, and ſpeaks Engliſh.

Alſo NEGRO MAN, named GLASGOW, about Twenty-five Years of Age, five Feet ten Inches high, a well-made Fellow, has a Place on his Head like a Kind of a Spot without Hair, and a large Scar on his Belly, both which are apprehended to have proceeded from a Burn, ſpeaks Engliſh but indifferently, with a ſqueaking Voice in common, is of the Ebo Country.

The two laſt did lived in Chriſt-Church Pariſh before I bought them, therefore the Woman may probably be gone there, but I imagine that the Fellows are ſomewhere in St. Thomas's Pariſh, as they lived with me there till I ſold it, or about Charles-Town, as they uſed to go to Market, and have got ſevegal Acquaintances there.

Whoever takes up all, or any of the above Slaves, and delivers them to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, in Charles-Town; or to me at Furmania, near the High-Hills of Santee, in Craven County, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Currency Reward for each, and reaſonable Charges.

WOOD FURMAN.

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, Oſnabrugs THREAD, and ſtriped DUFFILS, to be ſold, at NINE for ONE, by

INGLIS & LLOYD.

ROBERT WILSON

ived, in the NANCY, *Capt.* JORDAN, *from* LONDON,

A RGE and COMPLETE Aſſortment of

ſs, CHEMICAL, GALENICAL, and FAMILY MEDI-urgeons INSTRUMENTS, &c. &c. &c. which will ſold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at the OLD SHOP, near the VENDUE-HOUSE, on the BAY.

THE Co-Partnerſhip of ISAAC MOTTE, & Co. being expired, all Perſons indebted thereto, are requeſted to pay or ſettle the ſame immediately with the Subſcriber, who carries on the Buſineſs in his own Name alone, and will be obliged to his Friends for a Continuance of their Favours.

ISAAC MOTTE.

JOHN FRIMBALL informs me of an old bay Mare, branded on the near Shoulder O, and on the near Buttock thus I 3, and on the off Shoulder B, with ſeveral other Brands, not perceivable, ſhe is better than 13 Hands high.

Alſo a white Mare branded on the near Shoulder B, and her right Ear croppt, ſaid Mares are toll'd before me,

JOHN PICKEN, *J. P.*
at Long-Canes Settlement.

HENRY RUGELEY,

Has imported, in the Ship CHARMING-SALLY, *Captain* DU *from* LONDON,

A LARGE Quantity of WATCHET PLAINS, w blue and green NEGRO CLOTH, with fundry othe which he will diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms, at his Sto Corner of Church and Tradd-Streets.——Very good German NABRUGS, at *Three Shillings* per Yard.

THE Subſcriber gives this public Notice, That h incloſed that Part of his Land, commonly called THE PA with a lawful Fence, and that he is determined to proſecute, wit utmoſt Severity of the Law, all Perſons that ſhall offer to Hunt, Fi Fowl, within ſaid Incloſure.

Aug. 27, 1770. EDMUND BELLINGER, J

Charles-Town, Aug. 28, 17

To be SOLD at the Vendue-Houſe,

On TUESDAY *the Second of* OCTOBER *next,*

THE SCOONE THREE FRIENI

(Burthen about 115 *Barrels of Rice.)*

A Well-built Veſſel, ſails remarkably f well found with Anchors, Cables, nd other Articles for a Coaſter.--One-H he ſaid Veſſel belongs to the Eſtate of RO TUMI, Eſq; deceaſed, and the other Ha WILLAM PARKER, who will make Titles t Purchaſer. Three Months Credit will be given, paying Intereſt giving Security.

OATS & RUSSE

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 16, 177

RUN AWAY about a Month ago, a N Fellow named MAY; he is about five Feet Inches high, of a very black Complexion, Country very ſenſible, imagined to be about Twenty-ſix Y of Age, and well known on *John's-Iſland*. Ten Po Reward is offered to whoever will deliver him to ABRAHAM WAIGHT on *John's-Iſland*, to the Ward the Work-Houſe, or to Mr. WILLIAM WAIGHT on *St. Helena*, one Hundred Pounds is offered for his Head: and whoever harbou entertains the ſaid Fellow, may depend on being proſecuted accordin Law, by

WILLIAM WAIGH

ABRAHAM

(Commonly called INDIAN ABRAHAM)

WHO obtained his Freedom by an Act of the Gen Aſſembly of this Province, for his faithful Services during late Indian War, would be glad of Employ, either as a CATTLE-D VER or BUTCHER (which Buſineſſes he has followed for ſome Y paſt) or in any other Way wherein he can be ſerviceable.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcrib Plantation at Back-River, on the 31ſt of Aug two young NEGROE FELLOWS, lately belonging Mr. Bullock, of Georgia; and ſold in Charles-To by Roger Pinckney, Eſq; named APRIL and PRINC APRIL is about 25 Years old, and pretty black, ha Scar upon one of his Arms, where he was burnt, when young. PRIN about 17 Years old; both very likely: It is imagined they will go wards Georgia, it is therefore requeſted of thoſe who keep Ferries to Southward, not to ſuffer any Negroes to paſs without examining ther Whoever will deliver them either to my Overſeer at St. George's, ne Bacon's-Bridge, or Back-River Plantation, ſhall have TEN POUNI Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, by

HENRY SMITH.

Craven-County, St. Mark's Pariſh, Aug. 21, 1770.

GILES CHAPMAN, informs me of a Cheſnut ſorrel GELDIN about 12 Hands high, three Years old, branded on the right B ſtock H, and has another Brand but the Letter unknown, with a Reach his Face, and ſome white on his under Lip, with his right fore Foot white

JAMES DORHARDE, informs me of a Cheſnut ſorrel GELDIN Twelve Hands and an Inch high, about ſeven Years old, with a Rea in his Face, branded on the near Shoulder P, and on the near Butto P, has ſome Saddle-Spots. The Owners muſt prove their Property b fore

SAMUEL CANNON, J. P.

Craven-County, Aug. 10, 1770.

DAVID GRIFFITH tolls before me a white Flea-bitten tro ting HORSE, near thirteen Hands high, and about ten Yea old; has a ſmall white Streak on his off Noſtril, and is branded on t mounting Shoulder 3T.

Alſo, a light gray MARE (with a Saddle on) about thirteen Han high, ſeven Years old; a natural Pacer.

A ſorrel HORSE, about twelve Hands high, ſeven Years old, wi a Star in his Forehead; branded on the near Shoulder S, and on t near Buttock W.

The Owners of the above Strays, muſt prove their Property before

JOHN PERKINS, *J. P.*

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 29th, 1770.

THE Reverend Mr. PANTING, upon his Appointment to the Rectory of the Parish of ST. ANDREW, has signified to the Commissioners of the Provincial Free-School, his Intention to resign the Place of Head Master; any Person, well qualified, and desirous of succeeding him, may apply to the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, Esq; President.

JAMEISON, SIMONS, & Co.

Have just imported, in the ST. HELENA, *Captain* ARTHAR, *from*

BRISTOL,

A QUANTITY of WHITE, BLUE, and GREEN PLAINS, of an extraordinary Width and Quality.

ALSO,

In the Snow POLLY, *Captain* RAINIER, *and Ship* LONDON, *Captain* CURLING, *from* LONDON,

BEST London DUFFILS, a Parcel of very neat FOWLING PIECES, low-priced Irish Linens, and a complete Assortment of such other GOODS, as are allowed by our *Resolutions*: Which, with the Stock of Goods on Hand, and a neat assorted Stock of Goods they have lately purchased from Messrs. JOHN WOODBERRY, & Co. makes their Stock of Goods as completely assorted as the present Times will admit of. Which, with old Jamaica and West-India RUM, Madera Wine, Muscovado and Loaf Sugar, Coffee, &c. they will sell very reasonable, at their Store on the BAY; and assure their Friends, their Orders shall be executed with the greatest Care and Punctuality.

GEORGE GREENLAND

Has to sell, at his STORE in ELLIOTT-STREET, next Door to Mr. ELISHA POINSETT's,

JAMAICA, WEST-INDIA, and NORTHWARD RUM, by the Quarter-Cask, or lesser Quantity, not under three Gallons; very good MUSCOVADO SUGAR by the Barrel or Hundred Weight; SALT, and a Quantity of STARCH: All which ARTICLES he will dispose of reasonable, and will be obliged to those who may favour him with their Custom.

He still continues the FACTORAGE BUSINESS, in all its Branches.—All Letters or Orders from the COUNTRY shall be punctually complied with.

JAMAICA RUM, fit for immediate Use, in Casks of 32 Gallons—LEWIS's superfine FLOUR in Barrels, Half Barrels and Kegs—MILK BREAD in Kegs—SOAP and CHOCOLATE in Boxes, to be sold, at the Store opposite William Burrow's, Esq; by

AIR & COLCOCK.

Cannon's Creek, August 18th, 1770.

INFORMATION has been given me of the following STRAYS, *viz.*

A BAY HORSE, about 12 Hands high, five Years old, branded on the mounting Buttock R G, and on the mounting Shoulder ꝑ.—A Trotter.

A grey HORSE, 12 ½ Hands high, nine Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder W.—A Trotter.

A bay HORSE, with a small Star in his Forehead, Thirteen Hands and an Half high, about five Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder R R, and on the near Buttock R R

D.—A Trotter.

The Owners of the above Strays, must apply to, and prove their Property, before MICHAEL DICKERT, J. P.

To be SOLD,

A SECOND-Hand CHARIOT, and a very neat CHAISE, which may be seen at LOUGHTON & BOOKLESS's Shop, behind ST. PHILIPS's Church.

To be SOLD at public Outcry,

At the usual Place in CHARLES-TOWN, *on* THURSDAY *the Twentieth of* SEPTEMBER *next*,

THE NEGROES belonging to the Estate of Mr. DANIEL CHOPARD, deceased; consisting of three Fishermen, one of them a stout Fellow, about Twenty-four Years of Age, the other two between Thirty and Forty—one good House-Wench, with her Children, two sprightly Boys—also another Wench, with her Child, about six Months old, she is a very good Washer, Ironer, and Cook. The Conditions of the Sale are six Months Credit, paying Interest from the Day of Sale, and giving proper Security.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the said Mr. DANIEL CHOPARD, are desired to discharge the same.—And those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accompts, properly attested, to

MARY CHOPARD, *Administratrix.*

THE Subscriber hereby acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, That he keeps an OFFICE; where Merchants and Tradesmen may have their Books regulated by the Month, and whenever needful, balanced and closed:—Likewise opened properly, for those commencing any Kind of Business, and superintended with the utmost Confidence—Partnerships Accompts, and Accompts of Ships, Planters, Executors, &c. properly scrutinized, and actually adjusted.——Those apprehensive of a Failure or Litigation at Law, in Respect to Embarrasment in their Affairs, may (it is more than probable) meet with a happy Prevention, thro' timely Application to the Advertiser; who will, with the utmost Secrecy and Dispatch, endeavour to give a pleasing Satisfaction, and encourage the Public to apply to

Their most obedient Servant, JACOB VALK,

Corner of Murray's Bridge, near the Fortifications.

ISAAC MOTTE,

Intending to decline Trade, will sell off his valuable and well-assorted

STOCK OF GOODS,

At NINE for ONE, CASH.

Among which are the following, viz.

WHITE, blue, green, and drab coloured PLAINS; Duffil Blankets; Flannels and Swanskin; Mens, Womens, and Boys fine and coarse Worsted and Yarn Hose; Silk, Cotton, and Thread Ditto; Women's scarlet Cloaks and Cardinals; fashionable Broad Cloths, with proper Trimmings; Irish Linens; Cambricks; plain and spotted Muslin; great Variety of worked Ditto for Ladies Gowns and Aprons; plain and figured Book Ditto; Damask and Diaper Table-Cloths, and Tea-Napkins; Huckaback and Russia Sheeting and Towelling; fashionable plain and flowered Silks; one Piece of beautiful painted Gauze; plain and flowered Sattins; English and India Persians; coloured Silk Petticoats; Sattin and Brocade Pumps; low-priced India Chints; printed Callicoes, Cottons, and Linens; very handsome Bed Patterns; Ladies Toilet Glasses; coloured Gauze for Ditto; Brussels, Minionet, and Blond Lace; ornamental and useful China, Glass, and Stone Ware; Workmen and Plantation Tools of every Kind; several Boxes of Tin Plates; great Variety of Sadlery, Cutlery, and Ironmongery; tanned Sheep Skins; a neat small Fire Engine, at 7 for 1; best London Cordage, at 10 *l.* per Hundred; Sail-Cloth, from No. 1 to 8, at 8 for 1.——Any Person taking the Whole shall have them a great Bargain.

TO BE LETT,

THE airy commodious HOUSE, in which the Subscriber now lives. For Particulars enquire of THOMAS PANTING.

To be SOLD by private Contract,

A VERY valuable Lot of LAND, situated in *King-Street*, opposite to Mr. BENJAMIN ROBERTS, fronting on said Street 115 Feet, and 250 Feet in Depth. For further Particulars, enquire of JAMES McCALL.

THIS is to acquaint all Merchants, Owners, and Masters, who may hereafter have Vessels lying at my Wharf, That for the future, every loaded Vessel, intending to discharge her Cargo at the said Wharf, must be allowed an inside Birth, during the Time of her Discharging.——As this has been a Custom for many Years past at the Wharves, yet there are still some Persons unwilling to comply therewith: To prevent Disputes, I hope every one concerned will take Notice, that I am determined to sue for whatever Damages I may sustain in Consequence of any Refusal to comply with the said Custom.

(6 w.) JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

To be LETT,

A Commodious small TENEMENT, in GUIGNARD-STREET, next Door to the Reverend Mr. PANTING, and at present occupied by Mr. PROSSER. Enquire of ISAAC MOTTE.

ROBERT PORTEOUS and Comp.

(Successors of Messrs. Shaw and Stuart.)

Have imported in the London, *Capt.* Curling, *from* London, *and in the* St. Helena, *Captain* Arthar, *from* Bristol,

AN Assortment of such Goods as are allowed by the Resolutions; which they will sell reasonably at their Store at BEAUFORT, PORT-ROYAL.

To be Lett, or Sold,

(And entered upon immediately.)

A LOT, Stores and Wharf, in GEORGE-TOWN, lately occupied by Messrs. GODFREY & GADSDEN, being in the best Situation for Trade: Also, Three other LOTS adjoining. Any Person inclinable to hire or purchase the same, may apply to

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

CHARLES-TOWN, SEPT. 1st, 1770.

AGREEABLE to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, intituled, "An ACT, to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD;"

I HAVE enquired the Price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* Colonies, to be at FIVE POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS, per Hundred lb Weight, and *Carolina* Flour at THREE POUNDS and FIFTEEN SHILLINGS (being both used by the Bakers); at which Price the HALF CROWN Loaves must weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt.
WHITE,	1	13	0
WHEATEN,	2	11	8
HOUSHOLD,	3	10	0

Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt.
WHITE,	2	11	0
WHEATEN,	4	0	8
HOUSHOLD,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of BREAD are required to take due Notice.

BENJAMIN SIMONS, *Com. Gen.*

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.